BUDGET RESOLUTION/Veterans Health Care Funding Increase

SUBJECT: Senate Concurrent Budget Resolution for fiscal years 2000-2009 . . . S.Con. Res. 20. Johnson amendment

No. 153.

ACTION: AMENDMENT AGREED TO, 99-0

SYNOPSIS: As reported, S.Con. Res. 20, the Senate Concurrent Budget Resolution for fiscal years 2000-2009: will cut the debt held by the public (money that the Federal Government owes to creditors other than itself) in half over 10 years; will fully fund Medicare (all of the President's proposed \$9 billion in Medicare cuts were rejected; as a result, this budget will allow \$20.4 billion more in Medicare spending over the next 10 years); will save the entire \$1.8 trillion in Social Security surpluses over the next 10 years for Social Security; will provide for \$778 billion in net tax relief over the next 10 years (in contrast, the President's budget would increase the tax burden by \$96 billion net over 10 years), and will adhere to the spending restraints (discretionary spending caps and pay-go provisions) of the bipartisan budget agreement as enacted in the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 and the Taxpayer Reform Act of 1997 (the President's proposed budget, in contrast, would dramatically increase spending in violation of that bipartisan agreement, and would result in \$2.2 trillion more in total Federal debt at the end of 10 years than proposed in this Senate budget).

The Johnson amendment would adjust the functional totals with the intention of increasing funding for veterans health care by \$2 billion in fiscal year (FY) 2000 and by paying for that increase by making an across-the-board cut in other discretionary programs. The amendment would also express the sense of the Senate that defense programs would be exempt from the across-the-board cut, and that if the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) were to determine that there was an on-budget surplus in FY 2000 then the \$2 billion in cuts would be restored.

Those favoring the amendment contended:

Veterans deserve and need more money for health care. The President's proposed budget for veterans' health care is woefully

(See other side) NOT VOTING (1) **YEAS (99)** NAYS (0) Republicans Republican **Democrats** Republicans **Democrats Democrats** (54 or 100%) (45 or 100%) (0 or 0%) (0 or 0%) **(1)** (0)Lugar-4 Abraham Helms Akaka Kennedy Kerrey Allard Hutchinson Baucus Ashcroft Hutchison Bayh Kerry Bennett Inhofe Biden Kohl Bond Jeffords Bingaman Landrieu Brownback Kyl Boxer Lautenberg Bunning Lott Breaux Leahy Burns Mack Bryan Levin Lieberman Campbell McCain Byrd Chafee McConnell Cleland Lincoln Cochran Murkowski Mikulski Conrad Collins Nickles Daschle Moynihan Coverdell Roberts Dodd Murray Craig Roth Dorgan Reed Reid **EXPLANATION OF ABSENCE:** Crapo Santorum Durbin Robb DeWine Sessions Edwards 1—Official Business Domenici Feingold Rockefeller Shelby 2-Necessarily Absent Enzi Smith, Bob Feinstein Sarbanes 3-Illness Fitzgerald Smith, Gordon Graham Schumer 4—Other Snowe Harkin Torricelli Frist Gorton Specter Hollings Wellstone SYMBOLS: Gramm Stevens Inouye Wyden AY—Announced Yea Grams Thomas Johnson AN-Announced Nay Grassley Thompson PY-Paired Yea Thurmond Gregg Voinovich PN-Paired Nay Hagel Warner Hatch

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inadequate. This budget is better--it adds \$1 billion in funding. More money is still needed though. Many veterans groups have studied this issue and have found that a \$3 billion increase is needed this year rather than just a \$1 billion increase. We therefore have proposed this amendment to add the additional \$2 billion needed. As an offset, we have proposed an across-the-board cut in non-defense, non-veterans spending. For the last 3 years there has been no increase for veterans' health care. An increase is urgently needed now. We strongly urge our colleagues to adopt this amendment so that we may provide adequate funding to take care of the health care needs of those in whom we are indebted.

While favoring the amendment, some Senators expressed the following reservations:

This amendment would make us cut all other non-defense programs, including programs for education, health research, the environment, and housing. All day long we have been hearing complaints that not enough money has been provided for those programs. If our colleagues vote for this amendment, they must keep in mind that the price is that those programs are going to be cut even more. We favor increased veterans' health care funding, so we support this amendment, but we are not pleased with the offset.

No arguments were expressed in opposition to the amendment.